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## MUSA UKULAHLA I THEMBA!

Olunye Iweempawu ze Muslim kukuba ihlale inethemba phantsi kwazo zonke iimeko. Kuba iMuslim ngalo lonke ixesha ikholelwa ekubeni uAllah nguMdali wezinto zonke, kwaye akukho nto inokwenzeka ngaphandle kwemvume kunye nolwazi Iwakhe. Kungenxa yoko iMuslim ithi xa izibona ikwisimo engasithandiyo iye izithuthuzele ngokuba lo meko ikuyo yenzeke ngentando ka Allah.

Kuba amaxesha amaninzi siye sibone okanye sinqwenele ukuba izinto zenzeke ngendlela ethile kuba sicinga ukuba yeyona ndlela iluncedo kanti akunjalo. Kufuneka sizikhumbuze ngala mazwi eQuran rhoqo sizibhaqa sikulo meko: kanti kunokwenzeka okokuba nichase into eyiyeyona ilungileyo kuni nize nithande eyona nto imbi kuni. UAllah Uyazi kodwa nina anazi.” (Quran2:216) U Allah ufundisa imiphefumlo yabo bakholwayo ngokwenene ukuba abo bayakufumana iParadesi ngabo banokhola olusulungekileyo. Kunge sosizathu sizibona sitsala nzima ngamanye amaxesha kuba uAllah efuna siqine somelele ekuzinikezeleni kwethu kuye. Koku zinikezelena kwethu siyawa okanye siyasilela ukuzinikezelena ngokugqibeleyo njengokuba kufanele, kuba kaloku sizizidalwa ezicwele izipheme. Ziphembe ezo ezibangela ukuba kufuneke ukuba sihlanjululwe maxa wambi khona ukuze sizoku ngena eParadesi sisulungekile.

U Allah uyasichazela ukuba kufuneka senze njani xa sithe senza okugwenxa: “Nabo bathi xa benze ububi okanye bezenze ubugwenxa ngokwenza ukungcola, bakhumbule uAllah ,bacele itarhu ngezono zabo, yaye akukho wumbi onokuxolela izono ngaphandle ko Allah bangaqhubezi nokwenza (obo bubi) babenzileyo, besazi.” (Quran:3:135)

Ku Allah sizizidalwa zexabiso, njalo ke akufanelekanga ukuba sithi xa senze ububi sizithabathe njenga bantu abangento ngenxa yeziphosiso esizenzileyo. Khona ukuze siphumelele kufuneka sikhumbule ukuba abantu akuyomfuneko ukuba baza kusoloko

bekuxhasa kwimigudu yakho yokuya empumelelweni, kungoko xa uzazi ukuba wenza okulungileyo akufuneki ubuye umva Koko kulungilyo ngenxa yokuba ucinga bazakuthini abantu? Bazakucinga ntoni ngam? Ingaba ndizakuba yintandane yabo kusini na? Ingaba abantu bazakundithemb?” Undoqo kukuba u-Allah ukuba ufunya ukuxolela izono uyakuxolela nokuba abantu angakholelwa ukuba uzakuxolelwa. Umzekelo omhle ngu Mprofethi u Ibrahim Alayhi Salaam xa esithi, Nguye (u Allah) Endinethemba lokuba uyakundixolela iimpazamo zam ngemini yoVuko.” (Quran 42:82)

Ngalo lonke ixesha masithembele ku Allah siyazi ukuba othembele kuye asokuze adaniswe. Kwenye ivesi yeQuran u Allah xa wayekhuthaza amaSahaba RadhiAllahu Anhum ngexesha ayesebunzimeni ngexesh le mfazwe yase Uhud. Kuba amMuslim kulo mfazwe angxwelerheka, amaSahaba amakhulu anjengo malume kaRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam uHamza RadhiAllahu Anhu naye wasweleka kulo mfazwe. UAllah kulo meko wahlisa le vesি ilandelayo ukukhuthaza amMuslim ukuba makangalahli ithemba nakulo meko inkenenkene. (Musani ukuba yeke -yeke kengoko, ninganxunguphali yaye niza kuba ngentla ukuba ningamakholwa ngokwenene.” (Quran 3:139)

UAllah Uyazi ukuba singamaMuslim ngamanye amaxesha siye sizibone sisicicini lokunikezelena silahle ithemba, ngenxa yokusithanda Kwakhe uyasithuthuzela ukuba siyazi ukuba naphantsi kwezo meko zibuhlugu kufuneka siyazi ukuba uyandithanda, akasiniki buhlugu ngenxa yokuba engasifuni, Koko uyasivavanya khona ukuze azokucaca lawo maMuslim anyanisekileyo kulawo anganyanisekanga. U Allah Ta'ala uthi kwiQuran: “Inene, abo bakholwayo benze izenzo zobulungisa, uSolubabalo Uyakurbanika uthando.” (Quran 19:96)

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Mondays after Maghrib

Kwazakhele Jamaat Khana, Vuku Street

Tuesdays after Maghrib

## BIOGRAPHY

# UBOMI BUKA BILAAL IBN RABAH

(RADHIALLAHU ANHU)

UBilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu waye ngomnye wamaSahaba abalaseleyo kwimbali ye Islam. UBilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu wazalwa ngonyaka u680 CE eMakkah, abazali bakhe yayi nguRabah UBilaal waye likhoboka le nenekazi elithile elali sondele kakhulu ku Umayyah ibn Khalaf utshaba olukhulu lwe Islam. Wathi u Umayyah wakuva ngoko mnkela I Islam kuka Bilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu waba nomsindo kakhulu waqalisu ukumtshutshisa nokumohlwaya. Kodwa kuba intlizyo yakhe yayizele lukholo azange anikele kulo ntshutshiso koko wanyamezela, wada waba uyakhululwa kobo bukhoboka ngokuthi abe uyathengwa ngu Abu Bakr RadhiAllahu Anhu njalo waba uyaphuma ebukhobokeni. Indlela ayehlonitshwe ngayo ngamaSahaba RadhiAllahu Anhum,u Umar RadhiAllahu Anhu wayembiza ngokuba UBilaal yinkokheli yethu. Ngenxa yokuzinikela kwakhe kwi Islam wathabatha inxaxheba kwimfazwei yase Badr, eUhud, eKhandaq kunye nezinye. Kwimfazwe yase Badr wabulala utshaba olukhulu lwe Islam u Umayyah ibn Khalaf.

URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam ngowokuqala kule minyaka iyi 1400 eyadlulayo ukugxinisa kokulingana kwabantu ngaphandle kokujonga ibala nolwimi. Kwi Hajj yokugqibela kaRasoolullah sallallahu wakubethelela kakhulu oku wathi: Yini na bantu! UThixo wenu Mnye, Ninonke nino tata Omnye (uAdam). Inene I Arabu alinanqanaba lingentla kwabo bangengawo amaArabu, kwabo bangengawo amaArabu abananqanaba lingentla kunabo bangama Arabu, nomntu onebala elimhlophe akananqanaba lingentla kunalowo unebala elimyama kanti nalowo unebala elimyama akananqanaba lingentla kunalowo

## INSPIRATION

# AMATYE OMFAMA

Umfama othile wayelungiselela ukulima izityalo kumhlaba wakhe. Ngethuba egrumba umhlakulo wathi Rhoqo uxinga ntweni ithile .

Ngenxa yomdla wofuna ukwazi ukuba yintoni ebangela oko wagrumba nangakumbi ,wada wafumana ibhokisi enkulu. Wakhawuleza wayivula ibhokisi , kuba efuna ukwazi ukuba yintoni ephakathi kuyo,kodwa wadana xa efumana kuyo amatye amnyama .

Wathabatha isigqibo sokuba awasebenzise lo matye ekugibiseleni iintaka, xa zizokutya izityalo zakhe xa evuna. . Ngaminazana ithile amatye amabini awela phambi kwendoda eyayigqitha apho ngexesha umfama wayegibisela ezo ntaka.

unebala elimhlophe, Koko onenqanaba elingentla ngulowo wenza okulungileyo (Taqwa).

### IMuazhin Yokuqala ye Islam

URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wachonga uBilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu ukuba abe ngowokuqala ukuba abizele abantu emthandazweni nge Azaan. Elinye iwonga lika Bilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu kukuba ngonyaka we 8 yeHijra, xa i-Islam ithabathela ulawulo lease Makkah kuyo.Abo bangakholwayo base Makkah baphuma ngaphandle ezindlwini zabo befuna ukubona ukuba kuzakwenzeka ntoni na? URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wayalela uBilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu ukuba akhwele eluphahleni lweKa'ba enze i-Azaan ekhwele ngaphezulu kwe Ka'ba.

### Ubulungisa buka Bilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu

Ngenye imini uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi, "Hini na Bilaal,zeziphi izenzo zobulungisa ozenzileyo zenze ukuba ndive izingqi zakho phambi kwam UBilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu wathi, Rhoqo ndisenza iWuzu, ndithandaza iiRakaat ezimbini zeTahiyyatul Wuzu.

### Ekhukweni lokufa

Ngexesha esekhukweni lokufa, unkosikazi wakhe uHind wayelila ,esithi Le ntlungu enkulu, yena UBilaal RadhiAllahu Anhu waphendula wathi, Eli lulonwabo olukhulu, "Ngomso ndizakudibana nentandane yam (uMuhammad sallallahu alayhi wasallam wayebonisa namaqabane Akhe."

Lo ndoda yawathatha lo matye yawasa kumfama imcela ukuba ayithengisele ngesixa esikhulu semali. Umfama wala kuba ecinga ukuba lo ndoda iyaqhula nje.

Lo ndoda yamxelela umfama ukuba lawo ngamatye anqabileyo exabiso.Umfama walila esithi ngoku ushekewi ngamatye amabini kuphela,amanye onke uwalahlile.

La matye yimizuwana yethu yobomi.Siyayilahla kwindawo le yonke siyisebenzisa ngokungafanelekanga. Kodwa ngemini yomGwebo ,kulapho sizakulibona khona elona xabiso layo le mizuwana yobom, kodwa siyakube sele sishiyiwe lixesha.Ngoku lixesha lokuba siyisebenzise ngendlela eyiyo le mizuwana yobom sinayo.

# INSIGHT INTO FIQH DIFFERENCES IN SALAAH

## Umahluko okhoyo phakathi kwe Shafi neHanafi emthandazweni (Salaah) Part 1

### UKUNGENA NZULU KWI FIQH

#### 1) Asr Time

Shafi: Ixesha le Asr lingena xa umthunzi wento ulingana nalonto kube kanye xa udibana nomthumnzi wayo ubukhona nge Zawaal.

Hanafi: Ixesha le Asr lingena xa umthunzi wento ulingana nalonto kabini xa uyidibana nomthumnzi wayo ubukhona nge Zawaal.

#### 2) Maghrib Time

Shafi: Ixesha le Maghrib liqala ukutshona kwelanga uyokutsho ukuphela kou bomvana esibhakabhakeni.

Hanafi: Ixesha le Maghrib liqala ukutshona kwelanga uyokutsho ukuphela kou mhlophana esibhakabhakeni.

#### 3) Wording of Iqaamah

Shafi: Amagama webinzana ngalinye abizwa kube kanye, ngokungafaniyo ne Azaan. Kodwa u Qad Qaamatis q yena ubizwa kabini.

Hanafi: Amagama ebinzana ngalinye abizwa kabini , njengoko kusenziwa kwi Azaan

#### 4) Linyawu zebhinqa emthandazweni

Shafi: Amabhinqa kufuneka umzimba wawo awugqume ngaphandle kobuso nezandla emthandazweni. Ngoku njalo linyawu nazo kufuneka ezigqumile.

Hanafi: Amabhinqa kufuneka umzimba wawo awugqume wonke ngaphandle kobuso, izandla kunye neenyawu xa ethandaza.

#### 5) Ukusonga izandla

Shafi: Izandla kumadoda kufuneka zisongwe phakathi kwe kwesifuba nenkaba, isandla sasekunene phezu kwesandla sasekhohlo, asibambe isihlahla sasekhohlo ngesandla sasekunene.

Hanafi: Izandla kumadoda kufuneka zisongwe ezantsi kwenkaba, isandla sasekunene phezu kwesandla sasekhohlo, enze isangqa ngobhontsi nango cikicane wesandla sasekunene kwisihlahla sasekhohlo kwaye abeke intsalela yeminye iminwe emithathu uyiyek phezu kwengalo.

#### 6) Surah Fatiha

Shafi: Kulunyanzelo ukufunda uSurah Fatiha kuzo zonke iiRakaat zomthandazo ,umntu eyi Imaam okanye elandela I -Imaam okanye ethandaza yedwa.

Hanafi: Kulunyanzelo ukufunda uSurah Fatiha kwii Rakaat ezimbini zokuqala kumthandazo oFardh, kunye nakwi Rakaat nganye kweminye imithandazo ukuba uyi Imaam okanye uthandaza yedwa. Umntu akamfundi uSurah Fatiha xa ethandaza elandela i-Imaam.

#### 7) Ukufunda u Aameen

Shafi : Umntu olandela I Imaam kufuneka afunde u Aameen ngelizwi eliphezulu xa I Imaam igqiba ukufunda uSurah Fatiha.

Hanafi: Umntu kufuneka afunde u Aameen ngelizwi ephantsci can I Imaam igqiba ukufunda uSurah Fatiha.

## UMVUZO WOKUTHABATHA INXAXHEBA EMNGCWABENI

(LOWO UTHI OMBATHISE UMNTU OSWELEKILEYO, U ALLAH UYAKUMEMBATHISA NGESILKA YENQANABA ELIPHEZULU YASE JANNAH)

Ukuthabatha inxaxheba emngcwabeni lelinye lamalungelo ekufuneka siwanike abanye abahlobo bethu abangama Muslim kwaye ngokwenza oko kukho umvuzo omkhulu. Enye Tabi; egama lingu Imaam Mujahid Rahmatullah Alayhi uthi; Ukuthabatha inxaxheba emngcwabeni sesona senzo singcono kwizenzo ezinganyanzekanga ukuzenza. (Fathul Bari, Hadith 1323)

Nazi ezinye izinto eziyinzuso ekuthabatheni inxaxheba emngcwabeni we Muslim.

#### 1) Ukuhlamba nokombathisa lowo uswelekileyo

Kukho umvuzo omkhulu ekuhlambeni isidumbu, kodwa kubalulekile ukuba kukho izipheme ozibonayo ongazi dulisi uzazise kwabanyeabantu.

URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam uthi: Lowo uthi ahlambe isidumbu kwaye azifihle izipheme azibonayo (kumfi), uyakuxolelwa izono amatyeli angamashumi amane. Kanti lowo uthi ombathise umfi, uAllah uyakumombathisa ngesilika yexabiso yaseJannat." (Mustad rak Hakim, vol 1 pg 354/362)

#### 2) Ukuba yinxalenye yabo bahamba emva komntu oswelekileyo

Indlela engcono kukuba umlandele umfi usukela endlwini yakhe, kwijanazah uyokutsho nasemangcwabeni. Kodwa ukuba umntu ukwazi ukwenza enye yazo, naye uyakuvuzwa ngokufanelekileyo.

U Imaam Bukhari kunye no Imaam Muslim Rahmatullah Alayhimabachaze ngamagama ahlukeneyo ukuba: UAbu Hurairah RadhiAllahu Anhu uchaza ukuba uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi: Lowo uthi athabathe inxaxheba emngcwabeni kwaye enze ijanazah, uyakufumana 'iqirat', Ukanti lowo uthabatha inxaxheba kude kungcwyte, yena uyakufumana umvuzo weqirat ezimbini. Kwabuzwa ukuba yintoni na iqirat ezimbini? Waphendula wathi, "Ifana neentaba ezimbini ezinkulu." (Sahih Bukhari, 1325)

To be continued

## IINGXAKI EZIFAKA UMCELI MNGENI KULUTSHA LWAMAMUSLIM AMNYAMA

### 1. Imiceli mngeni jikelele ejongene nolutsha

Nangona lungamaMuslim, basachaphazeleka kuko konke okuchaphazela ulutsha lwase Mzantsi Afrika. Ungabikho kwemisebenzi, imfundu engekho mgangathweni kwaye nentsokolo ekumakhaya baphuma kuwo.

### 2. Ukungamkeleki kwislam yabo

Ulutsha luhlala lusilwa iimfazo estratweni, esikolweni, nasemakhayen abo, bephendulana nemibuzo engena jongo yokuphendulwa koko ikuxhaphaza inkolo yabo.

Oku kungalunga ngokuba kubekho ndlela ithile yokuveza i-Islam kubantu. Ngoba kunangoku basathi le yinkolo yama "Slams", amaNdiya, namaSomaliya.

Kuyeke nokuba ibengathi yinkolo yabantu ababaleka usebenza ngenjongo zokufumana igroceries' okanye ngeyabantu abasokolayo abafumana ukutya kwamahala. Ukanti, amMuslim kufuneka aveze uziqhenya ngenkolo yawo nangamasiko abo kwisinxibo nakwezinye izinto.

### 3. Ungabikho kwe`community yamamuslim

Ngamanye amaxesha kwingingqi uzofika kukho amamuslim ambalwa okanye lilinye nje qha. Oku kubangela iingxaki ezininzi kumamuslim kodwa ke kuba sijonge kulutsha, oku kubangela babenobulolo nasiyalu esibaqhubela emva balahle iIslam yabo, kunzima nokuba bafumane iqabane kwisiko leNikaah.

Oku kungalunga ngokuba abaphathi kwiMasaajid bavane kwaye bacebisane ngendlela eyaphambili. Kodwa ngokungamandla kubekho iAmir ul-mu'meneen ngoba "intlangano yabantu enganamphathi ayinakamva".

### 4. Isiko-lesiXhosa okanye iIslam

Ulutsha luzibona lumphakathi kwelitye nendawo eqinileyo, ukwenza kwabo isiko lesiXhosa kuphikisana kwabo nelslam kwaye ukungalenzi kwabo baphikwa emakhayen abo, bangahlonipheki nasekuhlaleni

Oku kungalunga ngokuba abantu abadala 'abanolwazi' abangamaMuslim baseke umbutho ozakwamkelwa. Umbutho ozokhetha oko kungaphikisani ne-Islam kumasiko abantu.

### 5. Ulwazi oluncinci ngelslam

Kuba ke ulutsha luyidlala indima yokuzisa ontanga balo kwislam, ngelisenza umsebenzi omhle kakhulu ukuba beliqhutywa lulwazi lenkolo yabo.

Ngamanye amaxesha oku kubangela kungabikho kwencwadi zemfundo ephakamileyo yelslam ngolwimi lwabo.

Oku kungalunga ngokuba AmaMuslim athathe ixanduva lokuthumela ulutsha luyofunda ngelslam, kodwa kunga pheleli aphi, baqhubeke ngokubaxhassa ngako konke okunonceda bafunde bagqibe. Ngoba kudala lathunyelwa ulutsha ukuba liyofunda kodwa lingaggibi ngenxa yoziva ingathi lilahlelwe aphi lifunda khona.

### 6. Ukungaxhomelelani namanye amMuslim ezinye indawo

Oku kuye kubangela kungavani kwelmam zendawo baphuma kuzo, okuye kuchaphazele ubudlelwano babo kanye nabanye bezinye indawo.

Kwislam uye ufunde uba ukungaboningaliso linye kwabantu yindalo kaAllah, kwaye ikwayinceba yakhe kuluntu leyo. Ukuze babe nokukhetha kwizinto, xa enye ingaphumeleli bakhetha okunye.

## IMIBUZO NEEMPENDULO

### HANAFI Q&A

**Q: Ndiye ndasela utywala kwaye ndinentloni yilonto. Ingaba ndingakwazi na ukwenza I Umrah kwiveki ezimbini ezizayo emva kokuba ndisele utywala?**

A: Yenza Itauba uqhubekke me Umrah. Kodwa ukuba uyakwazi ukuhlehlisa ukwenza I Umrah kude kugqithe iintsuku ezingamashumi amane ukususela mhla wasela utywala, yenza njalo.

**Q: Ingaba ukugquma ubuso kwamabhinqa Kulunyanzelo na? Kwaye kutheni?**

A: Kwiimeko eziyimfuneko amabhinqa angabuveza ubuso bawo kune nezandla. Kodwa kungcono kakhulu ukuba abugqume ubuso. Kuba I Ulama zithi ngenxa yokungalunganga okuninzi amabhinqa akufuneki aveze nobuso. Inkangeleko yobuso yiyo ebangela umtsalane emadodeni.

**Q: Ingaba kuvumelekile na ukubukela videos zeMoulana ezenza ibayaans uhleli phakathi emasjid?**

A: Akuvumelekanga. Imizobo okanye iifoto zeznto ezino bom azivumelekanga nokuba zezebayaan kusini na. ube semthethweni.



### INGREDIENTS

500ml (2 cups) cake flour  
125ml (1/2 cup) sugar  
15ml (1 tbsp) Baking powder  
2ml (1/4 tsp) salt  
80g margarine or butter- 200ml amasi  
1 beaten egg  
5ml (1tbsp) milk for glazing

### METHOD

Sift flour, baking powder, sugar and salt together. Rub in butter with fingertips until it resembles fine breadcrumbs. Add amasi gradually to dry ingredients and mix lightly to a soft dough. Turn out dough onto a lightly floured surface and shape to your preferred size. Place on a greased baking tray with a little space for spreading and brush the top with egg and milk. Bake in a preheated oven at 200° for about 20 minutes. Turn out onto a wire rack to cool

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